

## SPP Course 5 – Clostridial Disease

<b>First Name:</b>		<b>Last Name:</b>	
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<b>Postcode:</b>		<b>Date:</b>	

Please circle one answer only e.g. **A**

- 1 Which of the following clostridial species do NOT cause disease in baby piglets?
  - A Clostridium perfringens type C
  - B Clostridium perfringens type A
  - C Clostridium tetani
  - D Clostridium novyi
  
- 2 Scour caused by Clostridium perfringens type A is typically:
  - A Mild and non fatal
  - B Not seen as death occurs too quickly
  - C Does not occur until at least two weeks of age
  - D Can be controlled by piglet vaccination
  
- 3 ‘Aero chocolate liver’ found in pigs that die suddenly:
  - A Is suggestive of botulism
  - B Results from decomposition usually associated with Clostridium novyi
  - C Is mostly seen in baby piglets
  - D Is most common in cold weather
  
- 4 Tetanus in pigs:
  - A Is usually not fatal
  - B Only occurs where sheep are present
  - C Only affects adults
  - D Is normally the result of contaminated wounds especially following castration