

Non Parasitic Skin Diseases in Sheep

First Name:		Last Name:		
Email:			Veterinary Practice:	
Postcode:		Date:		

Please circle one answer only e.g. **A**

- Which of the following skin infections of sheep is transmissible to humans?
 - Lumpy wool
 - Contagious pustular dermatitis (Orf)
 - Periorbital eczema
 - Sheep scab
- Periorbital eczema is a common skin condition when:
 - Sheep have too little space allowance at feed troughs
 - There is prolonged wet weather
 - Sheep are dipped
 - There are stormy weather conditions
- Contagious pustular dermatitis (Orf) is caused by:
 - A bacterium
 - Bright sunlight
 - Toxic plants in the pasture
 - A virus
- Antibiotic treatment of sheep with contagious pustular dermatitis (Orf) is used to:
 - Kill the virus
 - Stimulate the sheep's immune system
 - Kill secondary bacterial infection of scabs
 - Prevent spread to other sheep in the group
- Contagious pustular dermatitis (Orf) infectivity can remain viable in dry scab material for:
 - Several hours
 - Several days
 - Several weeks
 - Many months
- A closed flock with no history of contagious pustular dermatitis (Orf) should:
 - Maintain biosecurity and purchase only essential replacements
 - Vaccinate immediately
 - Introduce infected lambs to naturally infected the home flock
 - Vaccinate then treat with antibiotics once infection has established
- The contagious pustular dermatitis (Orf) vaccine:
 - Is a live vaccine administered by skin scarification
 - Is a killed vaccine administered by skin scarification
 - Is a live vaccine given subcutaneously
 - Is a killed vaccine given subcutaneously
- Vaccination in a flock with a proven history of clinical disease caused contagious pustular dermatitis, if prescribed by the veterinary surgeon, should be administered:
 - 6 weeks before the anticipated occurrence of disease
 - 2 weeks before the anticipated occurrence of disease
 - During the disease outbreak
 - 2 weeks after the peak of disease

9. Sheep with primary photosensitisation should be:

- A. Treated with antibiotics
- B. Treated with antihistamines
- C. Housed away from direct sunlight
- D. Left outdoors

10. Dermatophilosis is usually encountered:

- A. In summer when there has been prolonged wet weather
- B. In summer when there has been hot sunny weather
- C. In winter when there has been prolonged wet weather
- D. In winter when there has been prolonged stormy weather