

SPP Course 2 – Parasite (1) Mange and Lice

First Name:		Last Name:	
Email:			Veterinary Practice:
Postcode:		Date:	

Please circle one answer only e.g. **A**

1. The Sarcoptic mange mite is

- An insect parasite
- A virus
- A bacterium
- A fly

2. Sarcoptic mange in pigs is caused by:

- A human mite
- A pig specific mite
- Greasy Pig Disease
- Cigarette smoke

3. Typical clinical signs of sarcoptic mange in pigs include:

- Head shaking
- Rubbing and irritation
- Encrusted skin
- All of these

4. Sarcoptic mange can affect any age of pig. Which of the following clinical pictures is most likely to be seen?

- Irritation, waxy ears and head shaking in pigs 8-12weeks old
- Acute allergic skin reactions in piglets
- Thick encrustation in the axillae of baby piglets
- Secondary Greasy pig disease in sows

5. Which of the following statements is true?

- Greasy Pig Disease causes mange
- Greasy Pig Disease causes head shaking
- Mange can trigger Greasy Pig Disease
- Greasy Pig Disease is intensely irritating

6. Head shaking associated with mange can lead to:

- Greasy Pig Disease
- Tail biting
- Haematoma of the ear
- Spread of the disease to other pigs

7. Which of the following behaviours may be triggered by mange?

- Savaging of piglets
- Vulval biting in sows
- Tail biting in growing pigs
- All of these

8. Louse infestation in pigs is due to

- Sarcoptes scabiei var suis
- Haematopinus suis
- Staphylococcal skin infestation
- Human pubic lice

9. Avermectins are now the only licenced group of medication available for mange and lice treatment. Which of the following is true?

- They are available for injection or use in feed
- They are only available for injection
- They are only available for topical application
- They have no withdrawal period prior to slaughter

10. Which of the following statements is true regarding the introduction of mange and lice into a farm?

- There is no risk bringing a pig back from a show
- Any pig which has contacted another outside infested pig is a risk
- It is not necessary to treat pigs in isolation for lice and mange
- There is no risk of disease to pigs grazing ground previously accessed by infested pigs.