

Farmyard Poultry (1) - Mycoplasmosis

First Name:	<input type="text"/>	Last Name:	<input type="text"/>
Email Address:	<input type="text"/>	Veterinary Practice:	<input type="text"/>
Postcode:	<input type="text"/>		

Please circle one answer only e.g. **A** unless otherwise stated

1. Mycoplasma affects the following system:

- A. intestinal
- B. skeletal
- C. respiratory
- D. muscular

2. Conditions which predispose to mycoplasma are:

- A. summer temperatures
- B. high ammonia levels
- C. frost
- D. damp weather

3. Mycoplasma thrives in birds when other pathogens are present such as:

- A. gut worms
- B. coccidiosis
- C. E. coli
- D. Streptococcus

4. Mycoplasma is infectious after what time:

- A. 4 weeks
- B. a few days
- C. warm weather
- D. hatching

5. Clinical signs of Mycoplasma gallisepticum include which THREE of the following:

- A. lameness and no smell
- B. a sweet smell from the nostrils
- C. swollen eyelids and sinuses
- D. swollen hocks
- E. gasping

6. Clinical signs of Mycoplasma synoviae include which TWO of the following:

- A. lameness and no smell
- B. a sweet smell from the nostrils
- C. swollen eyelids and sinuses
- D. swollen hocks
- E. gasping

7. Treatment of mycoplasma is by which TWO of the following:

- A. culling the whole flock and restocking
- B. administration of antibiotics
- C. vaccination of breeders
- D. culling individual birds which do not respond to treatment
- E. moving the flock to new ground

8. In order to protect the rest of your birds from infection, you should:

- A. attend to the oldest stock at the start of the day
- B. attend to the youngest stock at the start of the day
- C. buy from auctions
- D. don't quarantine new stock
- E. give wild birds access to feeders and drinkers