

Lambing Part 2 – Lambing Problems

First Name:	<input type="text"/>	Last Name:	<input type="text"/>
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Postcode:	<input type="text"/>		

Please circle one answer only e.g. **A**

- 1. The most significant single influence on the welfare of any flock is:**
 - A. the shepherd.
 - B. the owner of the flock
 - C. the flock's veterinary surgeon
 - D. the farm buildings and facilities
- 2. Delivery of a meconium-stained lamb may indicate:**
 - A. poor nutrition during late pregnancy
 - B. foetal stress and an extended second stage labour
 - C. a large single lamb
 - D. too early intervention
- 3. Embryotomy, the dissection and removal of a foetus which cannot be delivered naturally, should be carried out:**
 - A. on hung lambs
 - B. on dead lambs only.
 - C. to remove a live lamb
 - D. when two lambs are presented together
- 4. When the lamb's hooves face the roof of the vagina, the lamb is presented:**
 - A. Coming in anterior presentation (normally – head first)
 - B. Coming in posterior presentation (tail first)
 - C. Coming on its left side
 - D. Coming on its right side
- 5. When the lamb's hooves face the floor of the vagina, the lamb is presented:**
 - A. Coming in anterior presentation (normally – head first)
 - B. Coming in posterior presentation (tail first)
 - C. Coming on its left side
 - D. Coming on its right side
- 6. Which of the following breeds is especially prone to rupture of the liver with rapid death when excessive traction is applied to large single lambs in posterior presentation?**
 - A. Swaledale
 - B. Bluefaced Leicester
 - C. Texel
 - D. Scottish Blackface

7. Rupture of the uterus occurs most commonly:

- A. with a single lamb in anterior presentation (presented normally)
- B. with a hung lamb
- C. with a breech delivery
- D. with a leg back

8. A head snare is often very useful with which of the following presentations?

- A. with a single lamb with lateral deviation of the head (head back)
- B. with a hung lamb
- C. with a breech delivery
- D. with a leg back

9. When two lambs are presented simultaneously, it is necessary to:

- A. leave the ewe for several hours because the problem will correct itself
- B. identify which leg corresponds to which head by tracing the leg to the shoulder region, and then to the neck and head.
- C. pull a head and two legs and assess the amount of resistance
- D. decapitate one lamb and delivery by pulling on two legs

10. Which of the following situations is considered a risk factor for a sheep developing a womb infection (metritis)?

- A. unhygienic manual interference to correct foetal malpresentation/malposture,
- B. Hand washing and wearing plastic disposable gloves
- C. triplets
- D. a bout of hypocalcaemia