

Histomoniasis (Blackhead) in Game Birds

First Name:		Last Name:	
Email:			Veterinary Practice:
Postcode:		Date:	

Please circle one answer only e.g. **A**

1 WHICH SPECIES IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE TO BLACKHEAD?

- A) PHEASANTS
- B) CHICKENS
- C) TURKEYS
- D) CROWS

2 WHAT IS THE MAIN ORGAN AFFECTED?

- A) LIVER
- B) LUNGS
- C) HEART
- D) GUT

3 WHY IS THE DISEASE CALLED BLACKHEAD?

- A) TURKEYS GET A BLACK HEAD WHEN AFFECTED
- B) IT AFFECTS BLACK HEAD GULLS
- C) IT CAUSES BLACK DIARRHOEA
- D) IT CAUSES BLACK SPECKS ON THE SKIN

4 WHAT DO THE LESIONS ON THE LIVER LOOK LIKE?

- A) CIRCLES
- B) TINY SPOTS
- C) NAILHEADS
- D) LARGE IRREGULAR PALE AREAS

5 HOW IS THE DISEASE DIAGNOSED?

- A) POST MORTEM FINDINGS
- B) BY TAKING A FAECES SAMPLE
- C) BLOOD SAMPLE
- D) PCR TESTING

6 HOW IS THE DISEASE TRANSMITTED?

- A) BY EATING EARTHWORMS
- B) BY EATING HETERAKIS WORM EGGS
- C) VIA THE BIRDS VENT
- D) POTENTIALLY ALL OF THE ABOVE

7 HOW WOULD YOU TREAT THE DISEASE?

- A) EMTRYL
- B) WORMER
- C) ANTIBIOTICS
- D) MULTIVITAMINS

8 HOW LONG CAN THE PARASITE LIVE IN AN EARTHWORM

- A) 1 YEAR
- B) 2 YEARS
- C) 3 YEARS
- D) 4 YEARS

9 HOW IS THE DISEASE CONTROLLED?

- A) BIOSECURITY
- B) WORMING
- C) KEEPING WILD BIRDS AWAY
- D) ALL OF THE ABOVE

10 WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING IS NOT CONSIDERED TO BE A SIGN OF BLACKHEAD?

- A) YELLOW DIARRHOEA
- B) LESIONS ON THE LIVER POST MORTEM
- C) SNICKING
- D) SUDDEN DEATH